CLAIMS

- 1. An immediate release pharmaceutical composition comprising:
- 5 (i) 4-(3'-chloro-4'-fluoroanilino)-7-methoxy-6-(3-morpholinopropoxy)quinazoline or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof (the Agent);
 - (ii) a water-soluble acid; and
 - (iii) a water-soluble cellulose ether or an ester of a water-soluble cellulose ether.
- 10 2. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 comprising the Agent, a water-soluble acid and a water-soluble cellulose ether.
 - 3. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 comprising the Agent, a water-soluble acid and an ester of a water-soluble cellulose ether.

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- 4. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 or claim 2 comprising the Agent, a water-soluble acid and a water-soluble cellulose ether selected from methyl cellulose, hydroxyptopylcellulose and hydroxyptopyl methylcellulose.
- 20 5. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 or claim 2 comprising the Agent, a water-soluble acid and methyl cellulose.
 - 6. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 or claim 2 comprising the Agent, a water-soluble acid and hydroxypropyl methylcellulose.

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7. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 or claim 3 comprising the Agent, a water-soluble acid and an ester of hydroxypropyl methylcellulose or an ester of hydroxypropylcellulose which carries one or more ester groups selected from acetate, succinate, phthalate, isophthalate, terephthalate and trimellitate.

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8. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 or claim 2 comprising the Agent, a water-soluble acid and a water-soluble cellulose ether or ester of a water-soluble cellulose

ether selected from hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, hydroxypropylcellulose, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose acetate succinate.

- 9. A pharmaceutical composition according to any one of the preceding claims wherein5 the water-soluble acid is solid at ambient temperature.
 - 10. A pharmaceutical composition according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the water-soluble acid is a water-soluble aliphatic mono or poly-carboxylic acid which may be saturated or unsaturated.

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- 11. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 10 wherein the water-soluble acid is selected from fumaric acid and malic acid.
- 12. A pharmaceutical composition according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the molar ratio of Agent to acid is from 1:1 to 1:10.
 - 13. A pharmaceutical composition according to any one of the preceding claims wherein the weight ratio of Agent to water-soluble cellulose ether, or ester of water-soluble cellulose ether is from 30:1 to 3:1.

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- 14. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 comprising:
 - (i) from 10 to 60 parts of the Agent;
- (ii) from 2 to 70 parts of a water-soluble cellulose ether selected from methyl cellulose and hydroxypropyl methylcellulose; and
- 25 (iii) from 10 to 70 parts of a water-soluble organic acid selected from fumaric acid and malic acid;

wherein all parts are by weight and the sum of the parts (i)+(ii)+(iii) =100; and wherein the molar ratio of Agent to organic acid is from 1:3 to 1:6.

30 15. A pharmaceutical composition according to any one of the preceding claims which comprises a physical mixture of the Agent, the water-soluble acid, and the water-soluble cellulose ether and/or ester of a water-soluble cellulose ether.

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- 16. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15 which is in the form of an oral immediate release tablet, pellet, granule or capsule formulation.
- 17. A method for reducing inter-patient and/or intra-patient variability in bioavailability and/or plasma concentrations of the Agent in a patient in need of the Agent comprising orally administering to said patient a pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 1 to 16, wherein the Agent is as defined in claim 1.
- 18. A method for increasing the solubilisation of the Agent in an aqueous medium with a pH value similar to those found in the upper GI tract of a human comprising adding to said aqueous medium a pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 1 to 16; wherein the solubilisation of the Agent from the composition is increased compared to the solubilisation of the Agent alone in the same aqueous medium; and wherein the Agent is as defined in claim 1.

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19. A method for inhibiting the rate of precipitation of the Agent from an aqueous solution comprising adding to an aqueous medium with a pH similar to the gastric pH in a human, a pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 1 to 16; wherein the Agent is as defined in claim 1.